



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

| Product: | DIISOBUTYL | , PHTHALAT | E |
|----------|------------|------------|---|
|          |            |            |   |

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 1/10

# 1- IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Identification of the substance:

Product name: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE

Use of the substance: PVA based white glue; PVC compounds (footwear,

plastisol and others).

Supplier identification

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# 2- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

May damage fertility.

Most important hazards: May damage the unborn child.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Product effects

Telephone:

Adverse human health

May damage reproduction. May cause irritation to eye, skin and

effects: respiratory irritation.

Environmental effects: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Physical and chemical

hazards:

May produce acrid smoke and fumes if burning.





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 2/10

Specific hazards: Not applicable.

Main symptoms:

May cause difficult to breathing, burning sensation, lacrimation,

photophobia, conjunctivitis, edema and keratitis to eyes.

Classification of the chemical product:

Classification system European Chemical Bureau – European Comunity:

adopted: Directive 67/548/EEC (substances).

Hazard Class and Reproductive toxicity - Category 2 e 3.

Category: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute and Chronic.

R61: May cause harm to the unborn child.

Risk Phrases: R62: Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse

effects in the aquatic environment.

Classification system

adopted:

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of

the Council, of 16 December 2008.

Hazard Class and Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B.

Category: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute category 1.

H360fd: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Hazard statements: H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

# 3- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Substance name:   | DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE   |
|-------------------|--|
| Chemical formula: | $C_{16}H_{22}O_4$  |
| Synonym:          | DIBP, Dis (2 Methyl Propyl) Ester, Phtalic Acid Diisobutyl Ester |
| Chemical nature:  | Phthalic Ester   |
| CAS Number:       | 84-69-5  |
| EINECS number:    | 201-553-2  |





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 3/10

Directive 67/548/EEC

Classification: Repr. Cat. 2; R61 - Repr. Cat. 3; R62 - N; R50/R53

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Repr. Cat. 1B; H360fd - Aquatic acute 1; H410; H400.

# 4- FIRST-AID MEASURES

| Exposure routes   |  |
|---|--|
| Inhalation:   | Remove to fresh air and keep at rest. Monitor respiratory function. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If necessary, give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS.                          |
| Skin contact:   | Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS.   |
| Eye contact:  | Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS.  |
| Ingestion:  | Rinse mouth of victim with plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention. Take this SDS.  |
| Protection of first-aiders and/or special notes to a physician: | Avoid contact with this product while helping the victim; keep the victim warmed. Symptomatic treatment should include, above all, measured of support as correction of hydro electrolytic and metabolic disturbances. |

# **5- FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

| Suitable extinguishing media:                   | Combustible if heated. Compatible with dry chemical, water spray, carbon dioxide and polyvalent foam.              |
|---|--|
| Special hazard arising from the chemical:       | May produce acrid smoke and fumes if burning.  |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: | Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) operated in positive pressure mode and complete protective clothing. |





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

| Product: | DIISOBUTYL | , PHTHALAT | E |
|----------|------------|------------|---|
|          |            |            |   |

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 4 /10

# 6- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

| V ACCIDENTAL REDEASE WILLISCHES                   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Personal precautions:                             | Remove ignition sources. Do not touch damage containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Use protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing. |  |
| Environmental precautions:                        | Product very toxic to aquatic life. Prevent from entering into watercourses, sewerage and confined areas.   |  |
| Cleaning up methods:                              |   |  |
| Appropriate containment techniques:               | Collect product and place in appropriate seal containers. In case of significant spill contain it with earth dikes, sand, vermiculite or other inert material.  |  |
| Appropriate clean up procedures:                  | Discard any product, waste, container or wrapper available in an appropriate manner as not to harm the environment, according to federal regulations, state and local.  |  |
| Inappropriate containment or clean up techniques: | Not discard directly in the environment or the sewage network.  |  |

# 7- HANDLING AND STORAGE

Incompatible products:

| Appropriate technical measures for handling |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| Precautions for safe handling:              | Avoid inhalation, contact with skin and eyes. Do not handle near incompatible materials. Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.   |  |
| Hygiene measures:                           | Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or going to the toilet. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |  |
| Appropriate technical measures for storage  |  |  |
| Conditions for safe storage:                | Keep only in original container, in a cool, dry, well ventilated place.<br>Keep away from food. Store locked up. Keep out of reach of children.<br>Avoid static electricity by grounding.                              |  |

Strong oxidants.





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 5/10

Packaging compatibilities

Recommended use: Metal drum, stainless steel, aluminum or polyester reinforced resin.

#### 8- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

| Exposure limit values: | Substance            | ACGIH           | MAK             |
|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Exposure mine varies.  | Diisobutyl phthalate | Not established | Not established |

Exposure controls:

Engineering controls measures:

The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. It is recommended safety shower and eye bath available near work side. Engineering controls are the most effective way of reducing product exposure.

# Personal protective equipment:

| Eye/face protection:    | Protective safety goggles.   |
|-------------------------|--|
| Skin/body protection:   | Protective gloves of nitrilic rubber or neoprene and protective clothing.  |
| Respiratory protection: | Half face respirator for organic vapors. In cases of high potential of exposure use a supplied-air respirator, full facepiece, operated in positive-pressure mode.                 |
| Special precautions:    | Avoid wear contact lenses while using this product.  |
| Hygiene measures:       | Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or going to the toilet. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |

# 9- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General information:

Physical state: Liquid
Form: Viscous

Odour: Weak and Characteristic





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 6/10

Important health, safety and environmental information:

pH: Not applicable.

Melting point: -64°C (-83.2°F)

Boiling point: 327°C at 760 mmHg

Flash point: 185°C (open cup)

Ignition point: 423°C

Explosive properties: Lower =  $0.4 \% \text{ v/v} (245^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Upper = not available

Vapor pressure: 0.01hPa at 20°C

Relative density (20°C):  $(25/4^{\circ}C)$  1.030 to 1.036. (  $H_2O = 1$ )

Solubility in water: Practically insoluble. (0.02 g/l) at 20°C

Viscosity: 36.4cP (25°C)

Vapor density: 9.6 (Air = 1)

Evaporation rate: Very low

#### 10- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.

Polymerization will not occur.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidants.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and fumes.

#### 11- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rats): 10400mg/Kg

LD<sub>50</sub> (dermic, guinea pig): 10000mg/Kg

Acute toxicity: In case of high amount ingestion may cause nauseas, abdominal colic

and diarrhea. May cause respiratory irritation, with difficult to

breathing.





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 7/10

Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation, with burning sensation.

Serious eye damage/irritation: May cause eye irritation, with burning sensation, lacrimation,

photophobia, conjunctivitis, edema and keratitis.

Respiratory or skin

May cause contact dermatitis.

Germ cell mutagenicity: Studies done on Salmonella tiphymurium cultures have shown mildly

positive mutagenic responses.

Carcinogenicity: Not listed as carcinogenic to humans (IARC).

May damage fertility.

Reproductive toxicity: May damage the unborn child.

Animal tests show that this substance possibly causes toxicity to

human reproduction or development.

#### 12- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Ecotoxicity:  $LC_{50}(P. promelas, 96h) = 0.9 \text{ mg/L}$ 

EC<sub>50</sub> (Scenedesmus subspicatus, 72h) (Green algae) = 1 mg/L

Mobility in soil: Low mobility.

Persistence/degradability: It is expected that this product present rapid degradability.

Bioaccumulative potential: It is expected bioaccumulation in aquatic organisms.

BCF: 290

#### 13- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

Disposal methods:

Recommended methods for safe and environmentally preferred disposal

Prior to implementing land disposal of waste residue (including waste

sludge), consult local legislation for adequate disposal methods. Empty containers can retain product residues and shall be disposed in

accordance with the provisions proposed for the product.





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 8/10

#### 14- TRANSPORT IMFORMATION

International regulations

|       | UN - "United Nations"                                |
|-------|--|
| Land: | Recommendations on the TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS. |
|       | Model Regulations, 15th Edition, 2007.               |

IMO - "International Maritime Organization"

Sea: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) -

Incorporating Amendment 34-08; 2008 Edition.

Air: IATA - "International Air Transport Association"

Dangerous Goods Regulation (DGR) - 50th Edition, 2009.

UN classification number: 3082

Proper Shipping Name / ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

Description: N.O.S. (Diisobutyl Phthalate)

Class or Division: 9

Packing Group: III

#### 15- REGULATORY INFORMATION

Regulatory: REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council, of 18 December 2006.

GHS08

Labelling: health, safety and environmental information

Hazard Classes: Reproductive toxicity, hazard category 1B

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Acute hazard category 1

Hazard Pictograms:





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 9/10



# GHS09

| Signal word:              | DANGER.  |
|---------------------------|--|
| Hazard statements:        | H360fd: May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.<br>H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.<br>H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.   |
| Precautionary statements: | P201: Obtain special instructions before use.  P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  P273: Avoid release to the environment.  P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.  P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  P391: Collect spillage.  P405: Store locked up.  P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local legislation. |

#### 16- OTHER INFORMATION

This information had been based on the current knowledge of the product and intended to describe safety, health and environmental hazards.

Warns that the manuscript of any chemical substance requires the previous knowledge of its hazards for the user. It is contained in the using company of the product promotes training of its employees about possible risks come upon of the product.

SDS elaborated by InterTox: August, 2009 - http://www.intertox.com.br

#### **Abbreviations:**

**ACGIH** – American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

**BCF** – Bioconcentration Factor



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **Product: DIISOBUTYL PHTHALATE**

Revision: 00 Date: 08/10/2009 Pages: 10 /10

CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service

**EINECS** – European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC<sub>50</sub> – Lethal Concentration 50

LD<sub>50</sub> – Lethal Dose 50

MAK (Maximale Arbeitsplatzkonzentrationen) – Maximum Allowable Concentrations

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